## **Global PrEP Learning Network** The Future of PrEP: Implementation Studies to Guide the Rollout of New PrEP Products

13 JUNE 2023







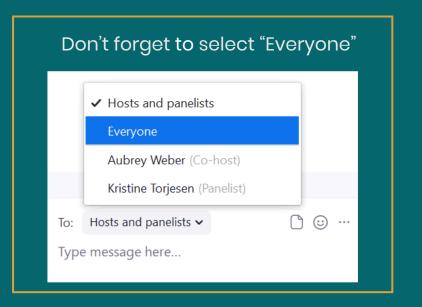


Global PrEP Learning Network The Future of PrEP: Implementation Studies to Guide the Rollout of New PrEP Products

### Please introduce yourself in the chat!

Name Organization Country

Feel free to ask questions and add comments to the chat box at any point during today's session. We will dedicate time to Q&A at the end of the webinar.



## Global PLN Agenda

- Welcome and introductions
- Overview of PrEP studies
- PrEP Studies
  - SEARCH Study
  - CATALYST Study
  - Malawi Injectable PrEP Path to Scale Study
  - PrEP1519 Study
- Question & Answer

## Today's moderators



#### Kristine Torjesen, she/her MOSAIC Project Director, FHI 360

Kristine Torjesen, MD, MPH is a paediatrician and global health expert who currently serves as the Project Director for the USAID-funded Maximizing Options to Advance Informed Choice for HIV Prevention (MOSAIC) project. As the Project Director for MOSAIC, Dr. Torjesen leads a consortium of international and country-based organizations working to accelerate market introduction of new biomedical HIV prevention products in sub-Saharan Africa.

### 🔰 @MOSAICproj

### Sanele Ngulube, she/her



MOSAIC NextGen Squad member, Pangaea Zimbabwe AIDS Trust

Sanele Ngulube is a qualified social worker serving as a NextGen Squad representative under the MOSAIC project at Pangaea Zimbabwe Aids Trust (PZAT). Sanele is a sexual reproductive health and rights (SRHR) defender who served as a national representative of youth in faith-based organizations under the Young People's Network on Sexual Reproductive Health, HIV, and AIDS. She was also an adolescent advocate for the SRHR of adolescent girls and young women under the Social Norms project of PLAN International, Norway.

🔰 @PangaeaZimbabwe

<u>Mele\_Mabuya</u>



## Today's presenters



### Catherine Koss, she/her

Assistant Professor, University of California, San Francisco

Dr. Catherine Koss is an infectious disease physician and Assistant Professor of Medicine at UCSF. Dr. Koss conducts research on biomedical HIV prevention strategies, with a focus in Eastern Africa and the United States. She is co-principal investigator of the SeroPrEP, ACTION, and Peers for PrEP studies and a co-investigator in the SEARCH Collaboration, in which she has helped to lead the Dynamic Choice Prevention Trials with Dr. Ayieko.



### James Ayieko, he/him/his

Research Scientist, Kenya Medical Research Institute

James Ayieko is a research scientist at the Kenya Medical Research Institute. He has participated in designing, implementation and evaluation of various interventions aimed at optimizing delivery of prevention options such as PEP and PrEP in rural Uganda and Kenya. Currently he is an investigator in the SAPPHIRE trial and the SEARCH Youth trial among other studies.



## Elizabeth M. Irungu, she/her

Regional Technical Advisor, Jhpiego

Elizabeth Irungu, MBChB, MPH, PhD, is Regional Technical Advisor for Implementation Science and PrEP service delivery at Jhpiego and protocol co-chair for CATALYST Study under Maximizing Options to Advance Informed Choice for HIV Prevention (MOSAIC).







#### Sara M. Allinder, she/her

Deputy Director, Center for Innovation in Global Health, & Program Director, Blantyre Prevention Strategy, Georgetown University

Sara M. Allinder, MPP, is Deputy Director, Center for Innovation in Global Heath and Program Director of the Blantyre Prevention Strategy—an innovative systems-focused, HIV prevention project. She is a member of Malawi's Ministry of Health Cabotegravir Expert Committee, is a co-investigator for Malawi's Injectable PrEP implementation science study, and serves on MOSAIC's Product Access Advisory Committee.

### 🕥 @Georgetown\_CIGH 🛛 in @sara-m-allinder-9373381

## Friday Saidi, he/his

Specialist OBGYN/Research Investigator, University of North Carolina Project Malawi

Dr. Friday Saidi, MBBS, MMed (OBGYN) serves as the Pregnancy and Infant Sub-study Advisor in the landmark HPTN 084 Open Label Extension (OLE) study and is an Adjunct Assistant Professor at University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. He is a member of the Malawi's Ministry of Health Cabotegravir Expert Committee where he is one of the leading investigators for Pathway to Scale for Injectable PrEP in Malawi study.

DrFridaySaidi

in Ofriday-saidi-82551963

### Ines Dourado, she/her

Professor, Federal University of Bahia, Brazil

Dr. Ines Dourado is a full professor at the Federal University of Bahia, Brazil. She has extensive experience in leading research in public health. Her main research area is in the field of HIV/AIDS. She is the PI of a recent study on PrEP implementation and effectiveness among sexual minorities in Brazil between the ages of 15 and 19.



## **PrEP Studies Overview** Kristine Torjesen, FHI 360 Sanele Ngulube, Pangaea Zimbabwe AIDS Trust, NGS

## Globally, there is still a high unmet need for HIV prevention... ...new prevention products may help fill that gap



#### **Oral PrEP**

#### **ADVANTAGES**

High efficacy Affordable Readily available Safe in pregnancy

#### **CHALLENGES**

Daily adherence Side effects Stigma



#### **PrEP Ring**

#### **ADVANTAGES**

Monthly Non-systemic with minimal side effects Safe in pregnancy Discreet

#### CHALLENGES

Moderate efficacy Unfamiliar formulation Cost



#### **CAB PrEP**

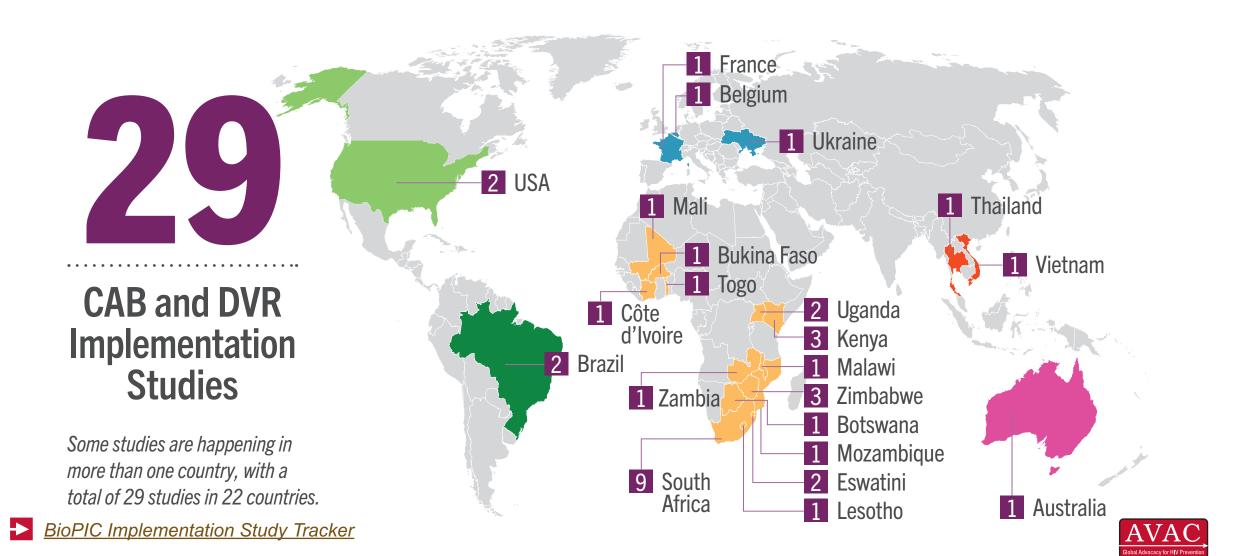
#### **ADVANTAGES**

High efficacy Bi-monthly Discreet Familiar formulation

#### CHALLENGES

HIV testing Long drug tail Pregnancy data pending Cost

## PrEParing for New Products – Geographically



## **PrEP Ring Implementation**



#### **IMPLEMENTATION STUDIES**

Country	No. of Studies	Organizations	Donors USAID, UNITAID, Global Fund	
South Africa		Wits RHI, DTHF, AHRI, MRC, NACOSA, AFSA, HSRC		
Lesotho	1	JHPIEGO	USAID	
Eswatini	1	FHI 360	USAID	
Zimbabwe	2	PSH PZAT	USAID	
Uganda	2	FHI 360 UCSF	USAID NIH	
Kenya	2	LVCT Health TBA	USAID CIFF	
Ethiopia	1	PSI	USAID	

AFRICA: 16 implementation pilot/integration studies across the region OTHER REGIONS: Planned UNAIDS feasibility study in Asia Pacific (Cambodia, Philippines, Papua New

Guinea, Indonesia)



## Projects Introducing CAB PrEP in the coming year (as of June '23)

## Location of CAB introduction projects

## Vials per project/donor

PEPFAR	366,000
MOSAIC/CATALYST	38,750
<b>Project PrEP</b>	26,000
ImPrEP/CAB-Brasil	12,000
SEARCH	5,000
LAPIS	5,000
FastPrEP/PrEPared to Choose	5,000
<b>PrEP 1519</b>	3,400
Axis	3,000



## **SEARCH Study**

Catherine Koss, University of California, San Francisco James Ayieko, Kenya Medical Research Institute

# Dynamic Choice HIV Prevention

## in the SEARCH study

James Ayieko MBChB, MPH, PhD Kenya Medical Research Institute-Kenya Catherine Koss, MD University of California, San Francisco-USA

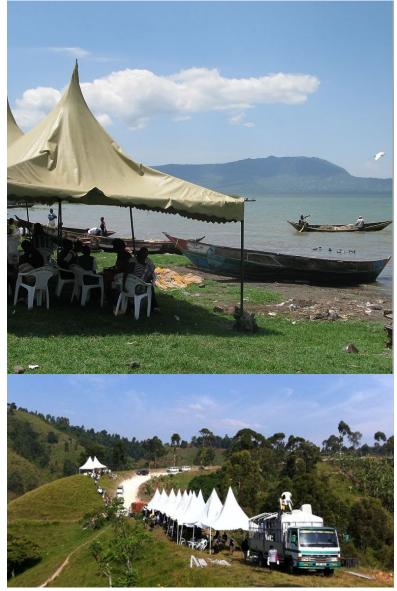
On Behalf of the SEARCH Collaboration

#### **Principal Investigators:**

Diane Havlir, MD - University of California, San Francisco-USA Moses Kamya, MBChB, MMed, MPH, PhD - Makerere University-Uganda Maya Petersen MD, PhD - University of California, Berkeley-USA **Study Leadership:** 

Jane Kabami, MPH, PhD(c) - Infectious Diseases Research Collaboration-Uganda Elijah Kakande, MBChB, MPH - Infectious Diseases Research Collaboration-Uganda Gabriel Chamie, MD - University of California, San Francisco-USA Laura Balzer, PhD - University California, Berkeley-USA





## Sustainable East Africa Research in Community Health (SEARCH)



- Multinational, multidisciplinary research collaboration examining population-level approaches to reduce HIV incidence and improve community health in rural Kenya and Uganda
- We design and evaluate multi-disease (HIV and non-HIV) interventions that consider different contexts and health priorities for persons of all ages and genders (>100 publications)
- Prior work over past decade in SEARCH has informed our current HIV prevention interventions
  - Universal test and treat using multi-disease, patient-centered care model
    - UNAIDS 90-90-90 targets rapidly exceeded; increases in population-level viral suppression; reductions in mortality, perinatal HIV transmission, TB, hypertension<sup>1-8</sup>
    - Reduction in **HIV incidence** in intervention arm but incidence above targets
  - Population-level PrEP intervention
    - Reduced HIV incidence on top of test+treat among persons who initiated PrEP<sup>9-12</sup>
    - Gaps in prevention coverage new option needed for persons with unanticipated, periodic sexual exposures
  - Post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) pilot
    - High levels of completion, gateway to PrEP<sup>13,14</sup>

1. Havlir NEJM 2019. 2. Chamie Lancet HIV 2016. 3. Kwarisiima JIAS 2017. 4. Ayieko JAIDS 2019. 5. Petersen JAMA 2017. 6. Kamya Clin Infect Dis 2021. 7. Ruel CROI 2020. 8. Hickey Plos Med 2021. 9. Olilo JAIDS 2019. 10. Camlin AIDS Behav 2020. 11. Koss Lancet HIV 2020. 12. Koss Plos Med 2021. 13. Ayieko JIAS 2021. 14. Ayieko JIAS 2022.

## **SEARCH Sapphire:** <u>Dynamic choices</u> in HIV prevention



- With <u>expanding HIV prevention options</u> PrEP, PEP and additional long-acting products in the prevention pipeline – how do we offer and deliver <u>choices</u>?
- Prior studies have provided important data on *theoretical* choices of HIV prevention products, but data limited on actual product choices made by clients and the impact of choice-based delivery models on prevention coverage
- We <u>hypothesized</u> that a **dynamic choice** HIV prevention service delivery model that offers *choices* in prevention products and services, and the option to *change* preferences over time – would increase HIV prevention coverage



## **SEARCH Sapphire Phase A study** (NCT04810650)

We developed a **Dynamic Choice HIV Prevention (DCP)** intervention<sup>1</sup> based on PRECEDE framework

#### **PRODUCT CHOICE**

**Methods** 

• Oral PrEP (TDF/XTC)

PEP<sup>2</sup> (pill in pocket option<sup>3</sup>)
(+ option to switch products over time)

#### **PATIENT-CENTERED CARE**

### **HIV TESTING CHOICE**

- Rapid test
- HIV self-test option

#### SERVICE LOCATION CHOICE

- Clinic
- Community site/home

- **Phone access to clinician** for PEP or PrEP starts, advice/questions (24hrs/7 days/week)
- Longer PrEP supply for start/refills (up to 3 months)
- Structured assessment of barriers to PrEP/PEP start/adherence, with personalized plans in response
- **Psychological support** referrals to counseling for trauma/gender-based violence

#### **PROVIDER TRAINING in patient-centered care and patient education**

• Emphasis on patient agency in selecting choices

## **3 Randomized Trials of Dynamic Choice Prevention**



DCP intervention<sup>1</sup> vs. standard of care (SOC) referral to HIV clinic for prevention services in 3 settings:

### 1) Antenatal/postnatal clinics<sup>2</sup> –

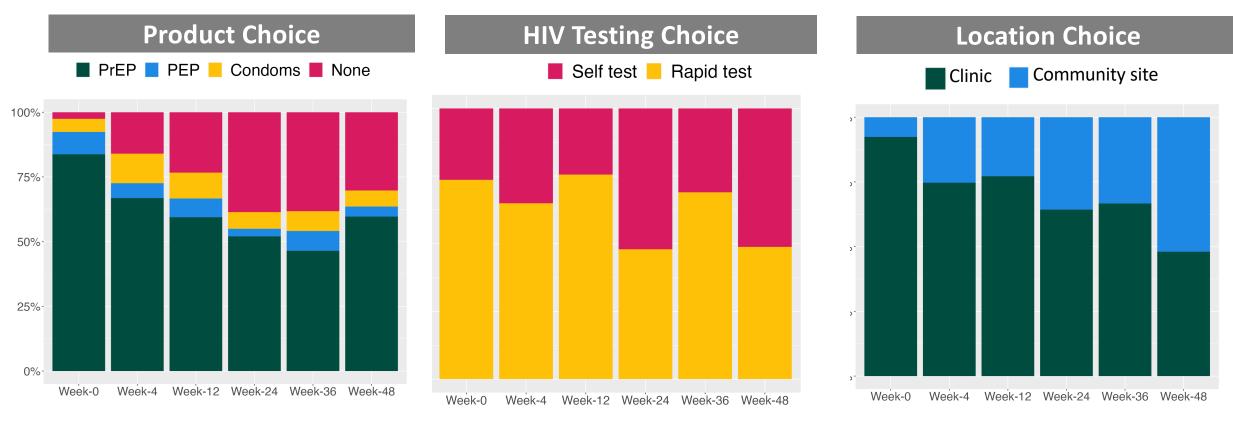
- Pregnancy and postpartum time of increased risk of HIV acquisition, potential perinatal infection
- Frequent engagement in care ante/postnatal opportunity to offer biomedical prevention

### 2) Outpatient departments <sup>3</sup>

- Provide routine primary and urgent care services to men and women
- Diagnose a substantial proportion of new HIV infections, understudied entry point to prevention
- 3) Delivery by community health workers (CHW)<sup>4</sup>
  - CHWs provide a range of primary health care and health promotion services
  - Community-based entry point for HIV prevention extend reach beyond health facilities
- **Design:** ANC and OPD individually randomized; CHW cluster RCT
- **Population**: women and men  $\geq$ 15 years reporting current or anticipated risk of HIV exposure
- **Primary outcome** over 48 weeks: proportion of follow-up time covered by PrEP/PEP, assessed via self-report



## DCP Intervention arm: Choice of product, HIV testing, visit location



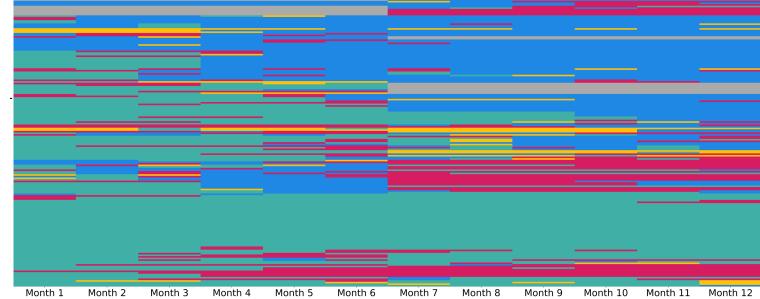
Most chose PrEP at each visit 15% ever chose PEP

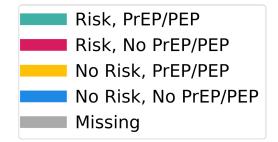
Choice of HIV self-testing increased from 26% to 51%

Choice of out-of-facility community visits increased from 8% to 52%

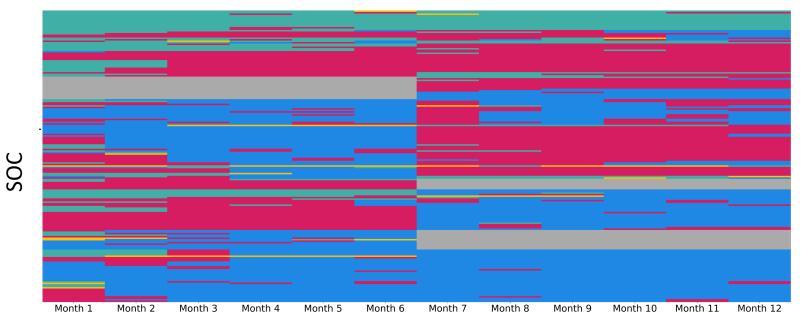
#### **PrEP/PEP** use during periods of HIV risk **Outpatient**







PrEP and PEP use changed over time and according to HIV risk



Intervention

Koss, Ayieko, Kabami et al. CROI 2023



## Primary Outcome: Follow-up time covered by PrEP or PEP

## Dynamic Choice Prevention Intervention increased time covered by PrEP or PEP across 3 settings

Setting	Ν	Intervention	SOC	Increase in
		coverage	coverage	coverage
Antenatal <sup>1</sup>	400	69.6%	29.4%	40.2%
Outpatient <sup>2</sup>	403	47.5%	18.3%	29.2%
Community <sup>3</sup>	429	28.0%	0.5%	27.5%

Intervention effect greater during periods of self-reported HIV risk

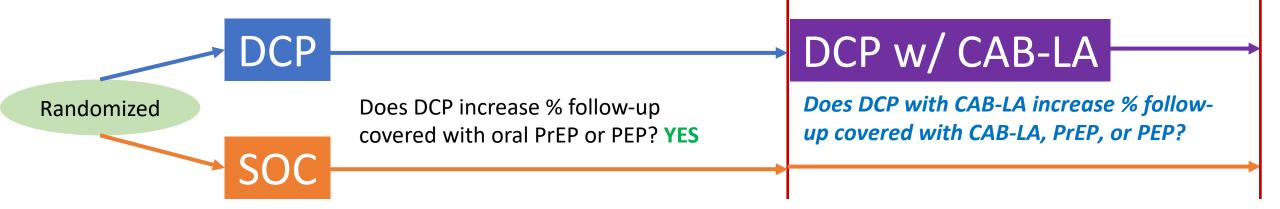
## **Summary: Dynamic Choice HIV Prevention**



- In 3 randomized trials, we tested a dynamic choice prevention intervention with choice of PrEP or PEP, HIV testing modality, and visit location, plus patientcentered care
- Intervention resulted in over two-fold greater time covered by a biomedical prevention option compared to SOC among both women and men
- Dynamic choice models promising approach to expand coverage of HIV prevention options as new products emerge <u>and</u> respond to client preferences
- Still gaps in coverage and need for additional products

## **CAB-LA extension in 3 ongoing DCP trials**

- 48-wk extension of 3 ongoing randomized trials (NCT05549726)
  - Antenatal, outpatient department, community
- Offering choice of PrEP, PEP, CAB-LA in DCP intervention arm
- Objectives: (1) Evaluate the effect of DCP with CAB-LA as prevention option on biomedical prevention coverage, as compared to the SOC
   (2) Evaluate implementation outcomes (RE-AIM)





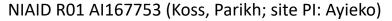
48-wk

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Randomized DCP Does DCP increase % follow-up covered with oral PrEP or PEP? YES
DOES DCP with CAB-LA increase % followup covered with CAB-LA, PrEP, or PEP?

ACTION study – <u>breakthrough infections</u> on long-acting prevention products
 sensitive research assays for diagnostics, resistance, PK - and subsequent HIV treatment outcomes – partnering with SEARCH, CATALYST, MOSAIC





48-wk





# Early learnings from SEARCH CAB-LA extension:

• High levels of interest in CAB-LA across the 3 trial settings

Including in community settings (where PrEP, PEP uptake had been lower in DCP trial)

- Many who initiated CAB-LA were <u>not</u> previously using PrEP or PEP, despite having access to these products
- Strategies needed to ensure ongoing engagement and delivery, including outside of facilities

## Next step: Testing effect of dynamic choice prevention on S HIV incidence in population-level study



- SEARCH Sapphire Phase B 160,000-person community cluster randomized trial (NCT05768763) in 16 communities in rural western Kenya, southwestern Uganda
  - Primary endpoint HIV incidence
  - Launched March 2023
- Studying the population-level effect of dynamic choice prevention in the context of a Community Precision Health Model
  - Reach: Leverages existing facility-based outreach and engages community health workers
  - Delivery: Optimized dynamic choice HIV prevention and treatment interventions
  - Data + Analytics: Integrated data systems, machine learning
- **DCP product choices**: oral PrEP, PEP, <u>DPV vaginal ring</u>, planning for CAB-LA
- SEARCH will test whether Community Precision Health leveraging existing infrastructure to reach, engage, and deliver health services with new products and analytics, in a multi-disease model – can accelerate progress to ending AIDS and improve community health.

### **Acknowledgements: Study Participants and Communities**

Republic of Kenya Ministry of Health, Republic of Uganda Ministry of Health

#### Diane Havlir, Moses Kamya, Maya Petersen–Pls

**Makerere University** Moses Kamya **Infectious Diseases Research Collaboration** Jane Kabami Elijah Kakande Hellen Nakato Asiphas Owaraganise Helen Sunday Edith Biira Florence Mwangwa University of California Berkeley Maya Petersen Laura Balzer Joshua Schwab University of Pittsburgh Urvi Parikh

**Kenya Medical Research Institute** James Ayieko Elizabeth Bukusi Colette Aoko George Agengo Janice Litunya Marilyn Nyabuti Norton Sang Erick Wafula Mugoma **University of California San Francisco** Diane Havlir **Gabriel Chamie** Catherine Koss Carol Camlin Starley Shade Edwin Charlebois James Peng John Schrom National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases





### Thanks to sponsors and many others on the SEARCH team



National Institute of Mental Health











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Melanie Bacon

Viiv: Study Drug donation



## **CATALYST Study** Elizabeth M. Irungu, Jhpiego

**CATALYST:** A multi-country implementation science study to inform the rollout of new PrEP products in East and Southern Africa

ELIZABETH IRUNGU, JHPIEGO JUNE 13, 2023



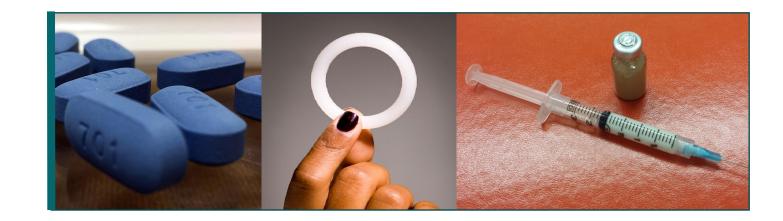






## Catalyzing access to new prevention products to stop HIV

The CATALYST study, under the MOSAIC project, will use mixed methods to characterize and assess the implementation of an enhanced service delivery package providing choice of PrFP products among women at PEPFAR delivery sites in Kenya, Lesotho, South Africa. Uganda, and Zimbabwe.



#### **OBJECTIVE1**

Characterize the implementation of an enhanced service delivery package for PrEP choice and assess individual-, provider-, facility-, communityand health systemlevel facilitators and barriers of the implementation process

#### **OBJECTIVE 2**

Describe patterns of PrEP use and use effectiveness in the context of PrEP choice and assess sociodemographic and contraceptive use correlates of PrEP use patterns

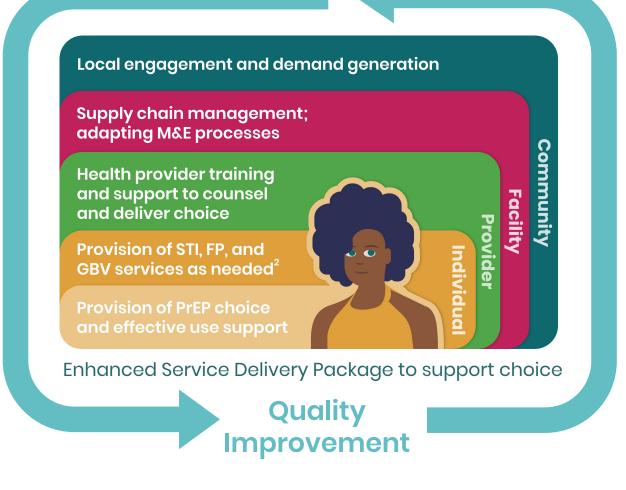
#### **OBJECTIVE 3**

Describe clinically relevant indicators among PrEP users, including rates of HIV infection and drug resistance among PrEP users who acquire HIV following PrEP exposure

# CATALYST will implement an enhanced service delivery package that supports product choice

The **enhanced service delivery package** will...

- Support choice among the PrEP products that have regulatory approval in each country.
- Include components at the individual, provider, facility and community levels
- Use quality improvement methods to refine components and identify a core service delivery package for PrEP choice.

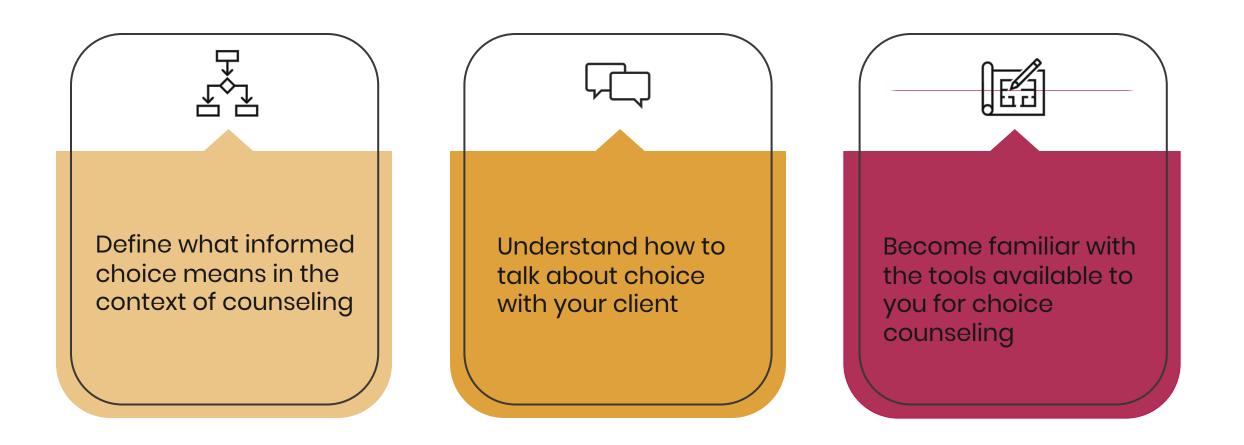


Health provider training and support to counsel and deliver choice

#### AS PART OF THE CATALYST STUDY, PROVIDERS ARE TRAINED ON:

- Clinical aspects of each HIV prevention method (oral PrEP, PrEP ring, and CAB PrEP), including eligibility requirements of each method and how they work
- How to communicate with clients about choice of HIV prevention methods and help them select the method that best meets their unique lifestyle and needs
- Empathy-building to support counseling interactions with young clients and LGBTQIA+ clients using Empathways

## Choice counseling training: Learning objectives





# First, let's determine what is **informed choice**

Individuals have the autonomy, knowledge, and freedom from coercion at any given time to select the best method for them in a specific market.

Adapted from MOSAIC Choice Principles

## Choice counseling is part of a conversation

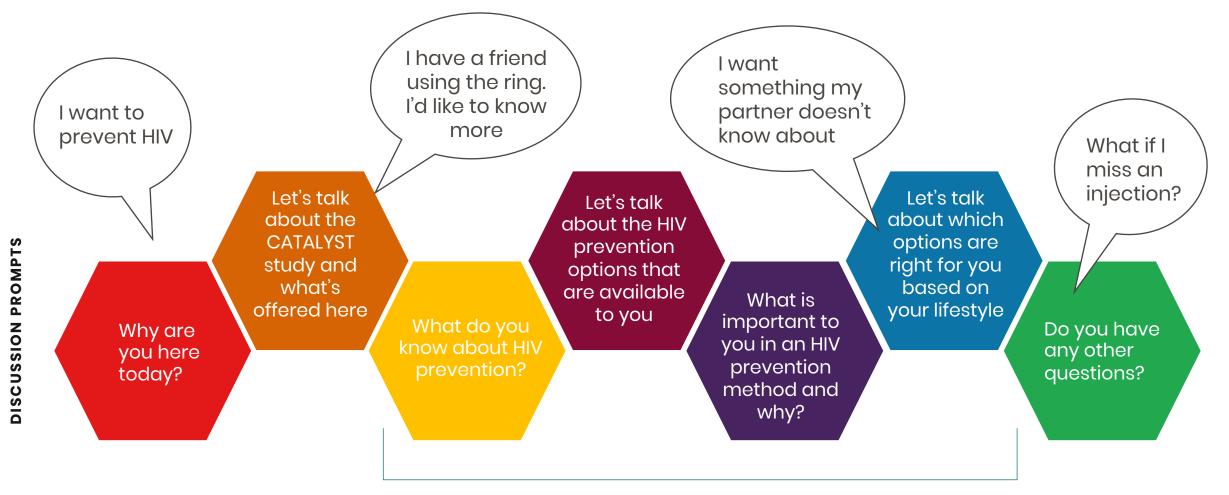


The discussion needs to be:

- ✓ Client-centered and clientled
- $\checkmark$  A two-way conversation
- ✓ Flexible
- Embracing both sexual reproductive health and HIV, as per the client's needs

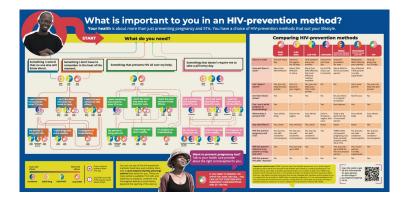
   especially issues such as contraception, planning for pregnancy, sexually transmitted infections (STIs), and gender-based violence (GBV)

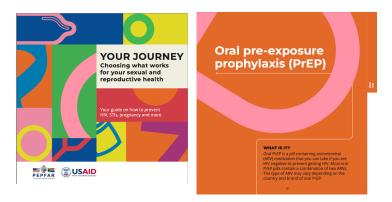
## Where does choice counseling fit into the conversation



Use the client's **needs and knowledge** to determine the flow of the choice counseling conversation

## CATALYST tools for providers and clients to support informed choice







#### **HIV Prevention User Journey Info-Map**

Poster, placemat, or other format depending on the setting, the info-map is for a provider and client to walk through together during a clinic visit or for use on the wall in the clinic setting. The info-map is meant to guide the conversation, with key information the provider needs to cover, leaving room for the provider to explain the information in terms the client will understand and relate to.

#### **Provider HIV Prevention User Journey Manual**

The provider manual is an addendum to the map for reference that does not have to be used in front of the client, holding comprehensive information, in a digital or printed copy. *It can still be used flipchart style*—the language is accessible for both providers and clients.

#### Easy-to-use, appealing digital tool

Digital tool for mobile phone use by AGYW outside or within clinic settings. Clients can bring in the information from using the tool into their counseling conversation.

## **PrEP Product Factsheets**



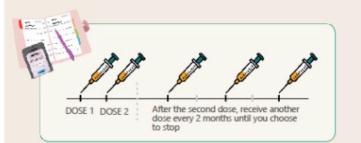
### About Injectable PrEP (CAB PrEP)



### How long-acting injectable cabotegravir for PrEP (CAB PrEP) works

Injectable cabotegravir (CAB PrEP) is one HIV prevention option that participants can choose in CATALYST. It is an antiretroviral (ARV) medication

that is given as an injection every two months for HIV preexposure prophylaxis (PrEP). It can be taken by people without HIV to reduce the chance of getting HIV. Because ARVs circulate throughout the body, CAB PrEP prevents HIV during vaginal, anal and oral sex. CAB PrEP prevents HIV from entering human cells and multiplying itself. If the virus cannot multiply, it simply dies within the body.



CAB PrEP is more than 90% effective, which means it is the most effective PrEP method currently available. CAB PrEP starts preventing HIV for most people about one week after their first dose.

For maximum HIV prevention, it is important to keep regular appointments for injections and use condoms whenever possible.

### O F

### **PrEP Ring Fact Sheet**

### How the PrEP ring works

The PrEP ring is one HIV prevention option that participants can choose in CATALYST. It is a flexible silicone ring inserted in the vagina containing the antiretroviral (ARV) medication dapivirine. It slowly releases dapivirine into the vagina over one month. Dapivirine works by preventing HIV from making copies of itself inside the vagina. If the virus can't make copies of itself, it simply dies within the body.



The PrEP ring can reduce the chance of getting HIV through vaginal sex by about 50% or more when kept in place for a whole month. The ring must be in place for 24 hours before it provides maximum HIV prevention. For maximum HIV prevention, it is important to use PrEP ring in combination with condoms whenever possible.

### Using the PrEP ring successfully

• USE WITH OTHER FORMS OF PREVENTION – the PrEP ring does not prevent HIV during anal sex or injection drug use. The ring also does not prevent

### About oral PrEP



#### How oral PrEP works

Oral pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) is one HIV prevention option that participants can choose in CATALYST. It is a pill containing two antiretroviral (ARV) medications that can be taken by people without HIV to reduce the chance of getting HIV. The ARVs circulate throughout the body so that oral PrEP prevents HIV during vaginal, anal and oral sex. Oral PrEP prevents HIV from entering human cells and multiplying itself. If the virus cannot multiply, it simply dies within the body.

When taken as directed, oral PrEP reduces the chances of getting HIV by up to 90%. Most people will be protected after they have been taking oral PrEP for 7 days. For maximum HIV prevention, it is important to use oral PrEP in combination with condoms whenever possible.







CATALYST

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Elmari Briedenhann and Melanie Pleaner, Wits RHI; Allison Cole, Emily Donaldson, Bridger Trap, and Rose Wilcher, FHI 360



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Photo Credit: MOSAIC Consortium





## Malawi Injectable PrEP Path to Scale Study Sara Allinder, Georgetown University

Friday Saidi, University of North Carolina, Project Malawi

## Malawi Injectable PrEP Path to Scale Study

PrEP Connection Webinar 13<sup>th</sup> June 2023

Sara M. Allinder, Co-Investigator, Obj 2 & 4 Dr. Friday Saidi, Co-PI, Obj 3 & Co-Investigator, Obj 1







GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY Center for Innovation in Global Health



### Building from Government of Malawi's BPS for Injectable PrEP Introduction & Testing

Malawi's Injectable PrEP Path to Scale implementation science Study builds from the district/national Blantyre Prevention Strategy (BPS) platform and will be supported by its systems investments, thereby providing critical underpinnings to broader scale and sustainability.

**Government leadership** from the very start & at every step **Capacity** and **sustainability** built from pre-clinical phase Benefits from **BPS functions**, from data use, community learning to quality

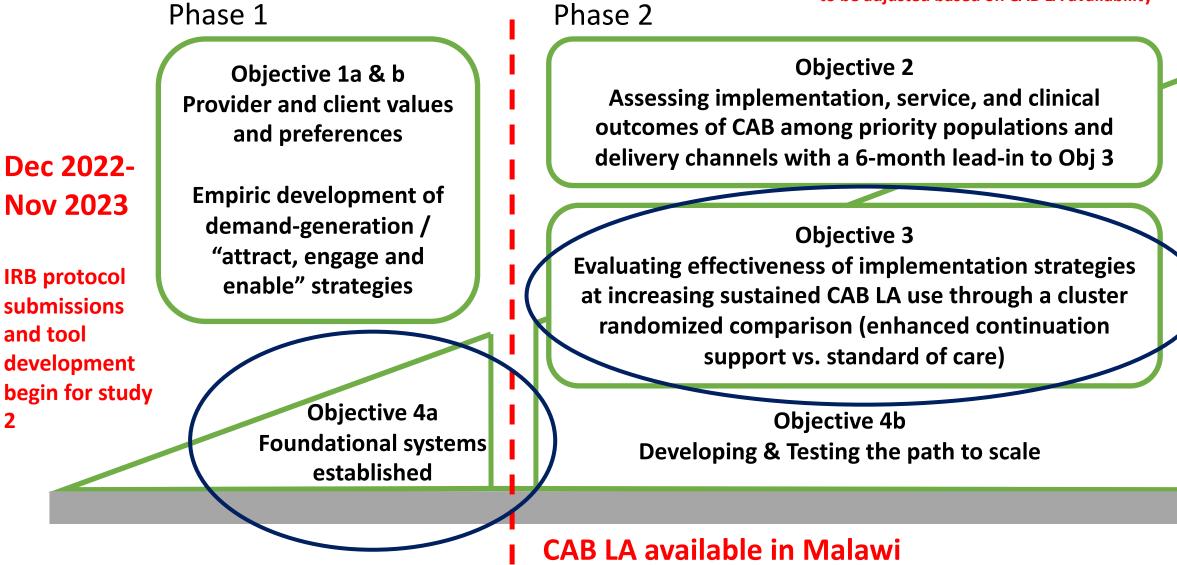
An **iterative adaptive learning approach** where we learn & **course correct** along the way together

Partners **collaborate** frequently to coordinate, share findings, etc. Intentionally generates more relevant learnings and **evidence** for the path to scale in Malawi & the region

## 4 Objectives across 2 phases

### ~Oct 2023\*-Sep 2025

\*to be adjusted based on CAB LA availability



## Downstream, Midstream, & Upstream Support for Clients & Path to Scale

"Enhanced care package" continuation support directly to CAB LA Study participant (Objectives 2,3) informed by client and provider preferences and delivered through diverse delivery channels (Objective 1)

Improved client-centered care through provider & facility training, QI change approaches, and network learning (QI Collaborative) informed by community insights (Objectives 2, 4a)

Capacitated district environment able to use data to address service delivery, demand generation, and other HIV prevention response gaps as well as structural risks (Objective 4)

National-level policy and guideline gaps addressed to ensure path to scale (Objective 4)

## **Client-Centered Support for Injectable PrEP**

## Dr. Friday Saidi, Co-PI, Obj 3 & Co-Investigator, Obj 1 UNC Project-Malawi







GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY



## **Injectable PrEP path to scale in Malawi: Objectives 1-4**

Formative work to lay the groundwork for implementation

**Objective 1** 

- Mixed methods & market segmentation
- Sample:
  - 60 qualitative
  - 550 quantitative

CAB LA PrEP implementation lead-in and delivery channel evaluation

**Objective 2** 

- 36 diverse sites
   Lilongwe & Blantyre
   (public/private health facilities & drop-in centers)
- Sample: 9,900 (FSW, MSM, Transgender, PBFW, AGYW, Cis men)

Cluster randomization of Objective 2 sites to evaluate intensive continuation intervention

### **Objective 3**

- Cluster randomized trial, Serial crosssectional survey, others
- Sample (serial crosssectional): (~500 oral, CAB LA, and non-PrEP users and discontinued users, and ~120 providers)

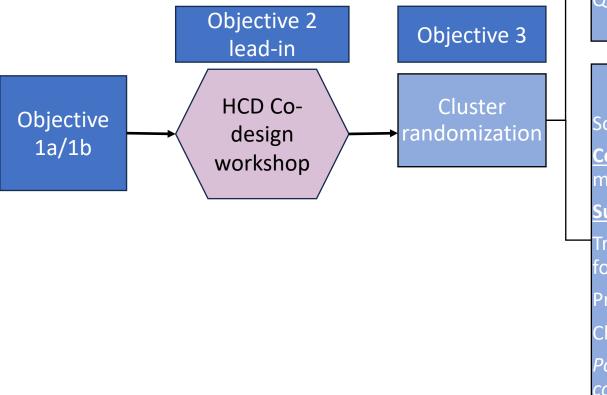
Addressing systems barriers on the path to scale

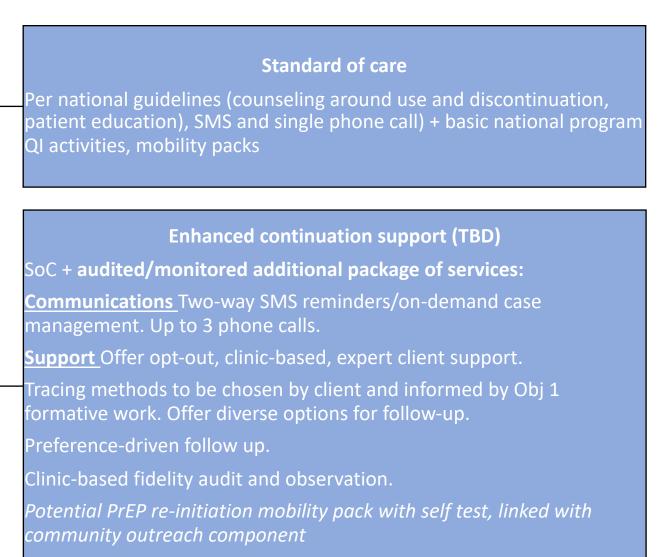
### **Objective 4**

- M&E and policy translation on path to scale, cost-effectiveness analysis
- Considering: governance, service delivery, health workforce, information systems, supply chain, financing, demand generation

## **Objective 3: SoC vs. Enhanced Continuation Support**

Enhanced intervention packages will be **co-designed** with clients (building from quant/qual, segmentation, and DCE activities from Objective 1a/1b pre-product phase) and **piloted/iteratively refined during the Objective 2 lead-in period and HCD process**. Notional elements of each arm are detailed to the right:





## **Systems Support for Injectable PrEP**

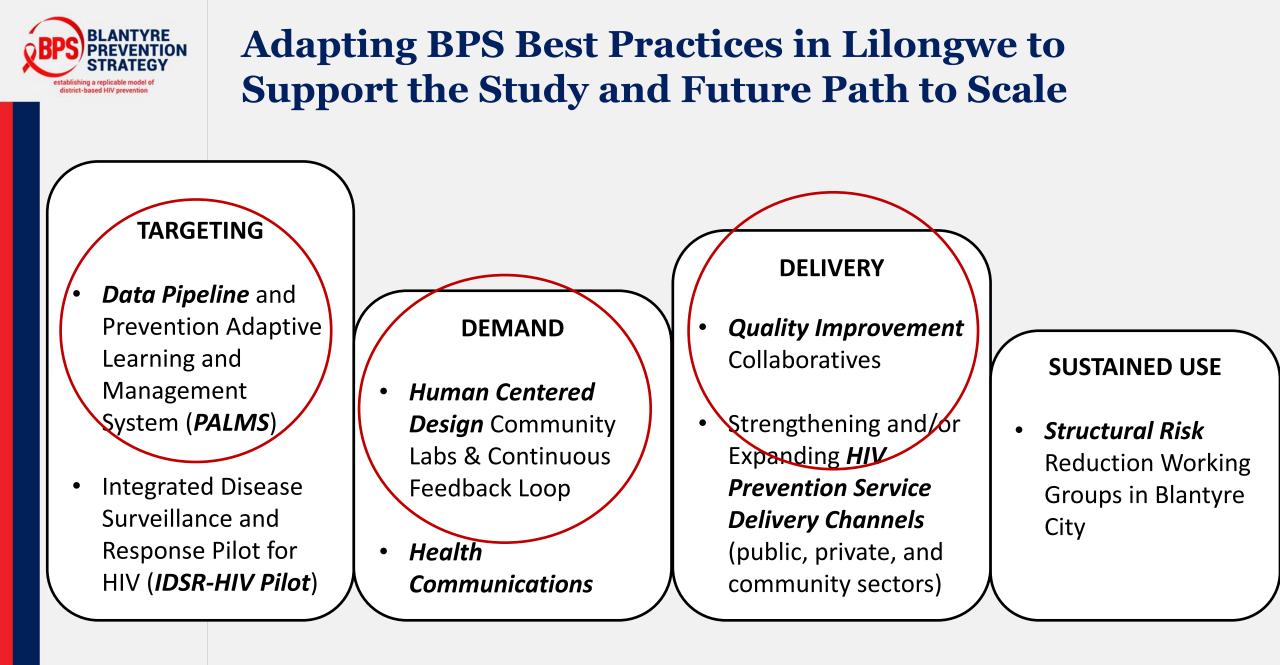
Sara M. Allinder, Co-Investigator, Obj 2 & 4 Center for Innovation in Global Health, Georgetown University







GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY Center for Innovation in Global Health



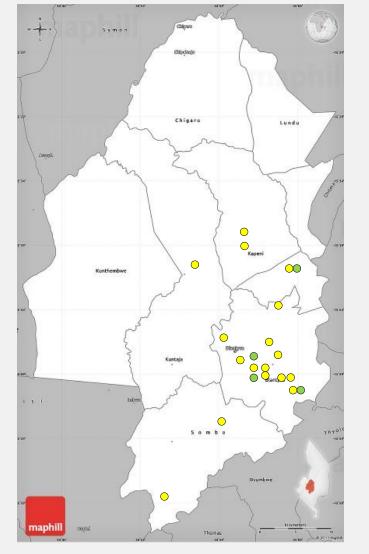


## **BPS** *PrEPUp*! Quality Improvement Collaborative

### Why a PrEP QI Collaborative?

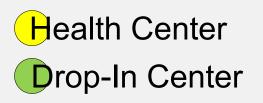
A QI methodology that:

"brings together groups of practitioners from different healthcare organisations, public health professionals and the community, to work in a <u>structured way</u> to improve <u>one aspect</u> of the quality of their service. It involves a series of meetings to learn about best practices in the area chosen, about <u>quality</u> methods and change ideas, and to share their experiences of making changes in their own local settings." Ovretveit et al. (2002)



Blantyre DHO and Blantyre City Assembly selected 23 facilities to participate in PrEP QIC

13 health centers, 2hospitals, 4 drop-in centers,1 Tertiary Education facility,1 central hospital, 2 low-tierprivate hospitals



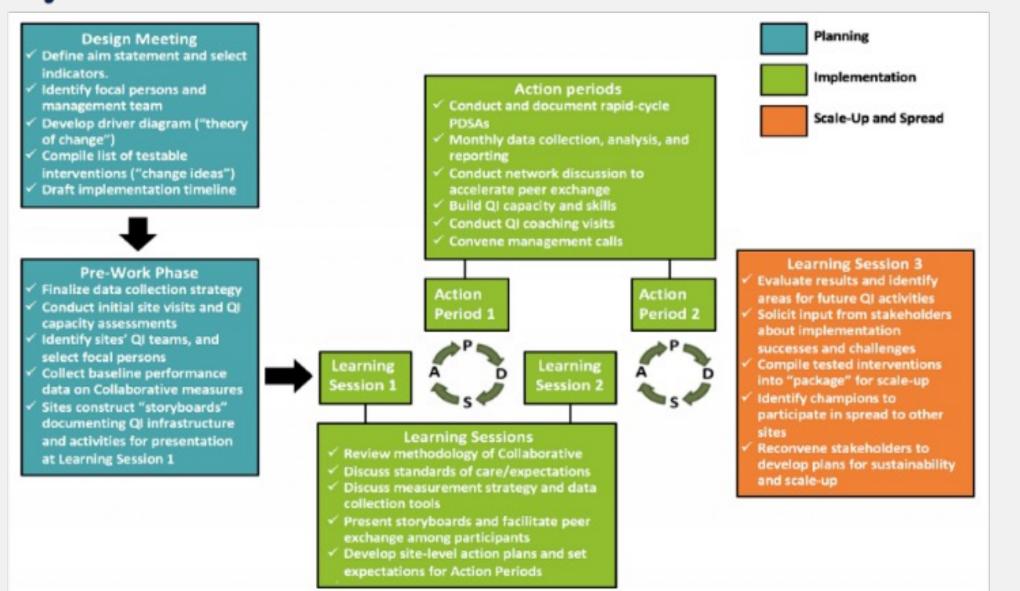


## **Game Changer: Application of QI to HIV Prevention**

- Prescient timing with the start of oral PrEP roll out nationwide
- PrEP-Up! Collaborative has robustly engaged District, City, PEPFAR IPs, public and not-for-profit facilities, and two private dispensaries added in Y3
  - Has improved District governance and coordination with facilities.
- Imbedding QI data in PALMS and accessing/utilizing broader data from PALMS is changing the way facilities do business
  - Also has identified important data gaps
  - Aligning with human-centered design community labs brings user input into QI change approaches

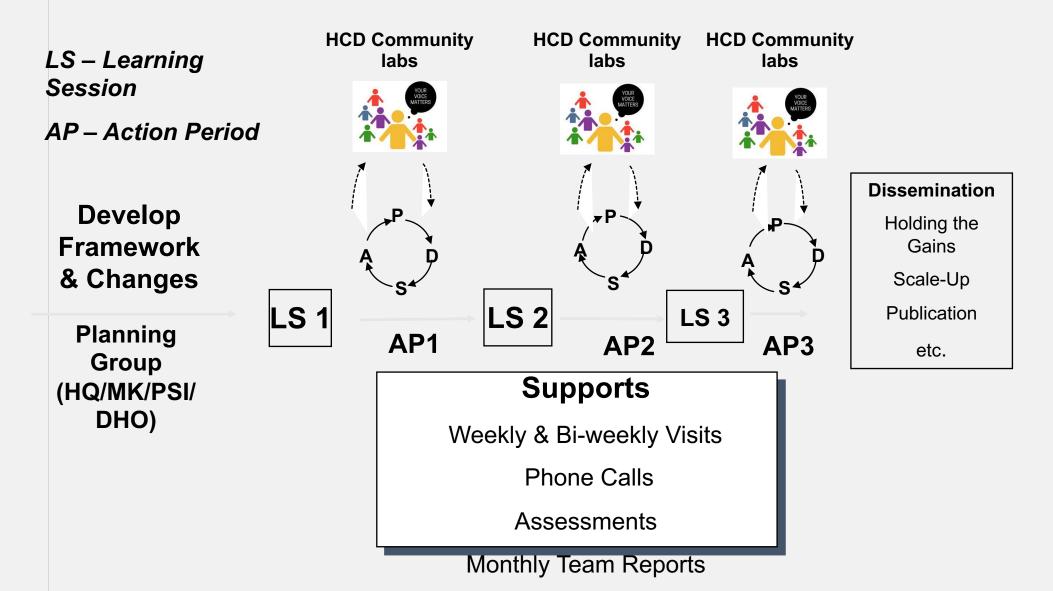


## Key Features of a Collaborative





### HCD-QI Interface – BPS PrEP Collaborative (12 to 18 months time frame)





## **PrEPUp!** Quality Improvement Collaborative Learning

- A QI Mentors approach, with QI coaching, is key to building QI capacity at both district- and facility-level.
- Successful strategies to integrate PrEP into existing health care facility services include mapping of key entry points for clients seeking care, regular demand creation activities with community input, improving sexual history taking, and addressing stigma, which has been identified as a key barrier to accessing services.
- Affinity groups can evolve into communities of practice.
- Establishing a community of practice through collaborative learning sessions (aligned with the national PrEP strategy and guidelines) is key for sharing learning and spread of best practices in HIV prevention, including oral PrEP, throughout the District and across IPs.
- Integration of data sessions with QI sessions at cluster level or facility level is required
- Focus on change strategies to foster linkage from community STI clinics to accessible PrEP services.





## Zikomo! Thank you!





## **PrEP1519 Study**

Ines Dourado, Federal University of Bahia, Brazil

# 15-19 chrices

Preparedness for effective HIV prevention with long-acting injectable cabotegravir (CAB-PrEP) among LGBTQIA+ adolescent 15-19 years old in Brazil

**Representative PI: Inês Dourado, MD, PhD** 















## Primary Objectives

 To evaluate the implementation of a PrEP protocol with three modalities (i.e., CAB-LA, event-driven and daily oral) for AMSM, non-binary assigned as male at birth, ATGW and ATGM, in contexts of increased vulnerability or risk of HIV infection, aged 15-19 years in public services aimed at adolescents in Brazil.

chQices

 To improve the diagnosis and management of STIs among PrEP users, through the implementation of a youth-centered approach.

## **Study Design**



**PrEP modalities** 

**Injectable CAB-LA** 

Two intragluteal

injections of CAB-LA 600mg 4 weeks

apart and every 8 weeks thereafter

Daily oral TDF/FTC

**Event-driven PrEP** 

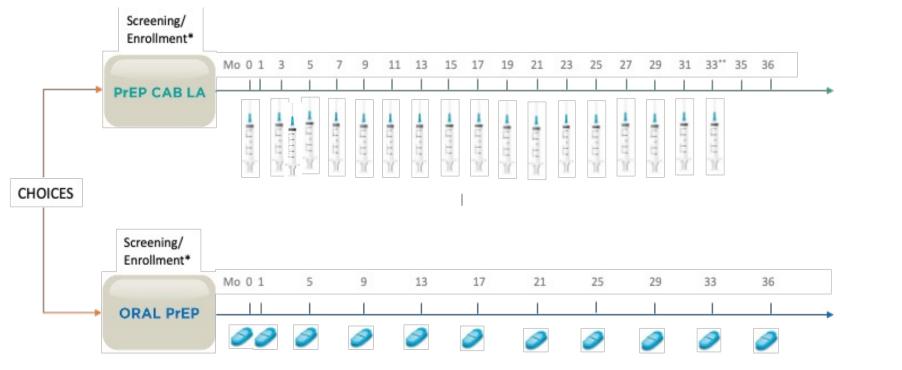
TDF-FTC (300/200 mg, « 2 + 1 + 1 »)

(300/200 mg)

**Oral PrEP** 

or

- Multi-site (3), prospective, demonstration cohort study of PrEP modalities using a mixedmethod design with quantitative and qualitative approaches, evaluation of diagnostic tests and economic analysis
- Follow-up: Up to 36 mo. (33 mo. using CAB-LA PrEP + 3 mo. for the tail phase)



\*Same-day initiation of CAB-LA PrEP in screening/enrollment, if negative HIV test results \*\* End of CAB-LA injections Deadline for switching for oral PrEP to CAB-LA PrEP: month 21 Mo, month

## Substudies

 Diagnostic evaluation of HIV testing (describe HIV infections in PrEP users; drug resistance, HIV-subtype, viral load);

chrices

- Evaluation of linkage, retention and adherence strategies for PrEP modalities;
- Evaluation of oral PrEP provision by telehealth;
- Evaluation of strategies for partner notification for STIs;
- Acceptability of finger-stick whole-blood HIV self-test.

Amanda Selfie Transgender chatbot

> Photos, images, and videos are credit to PrEP1519-choices teamwork. Permission to be in the photo was provided by a signed informed consent.



## Demand creation strategies are essential to reach adolescents

### Description Springer Link

<u>Home</u> > <u>Archives of Sexual Behavior</u> > Article

Original Paper | Open Access | Published: 25 July 2022

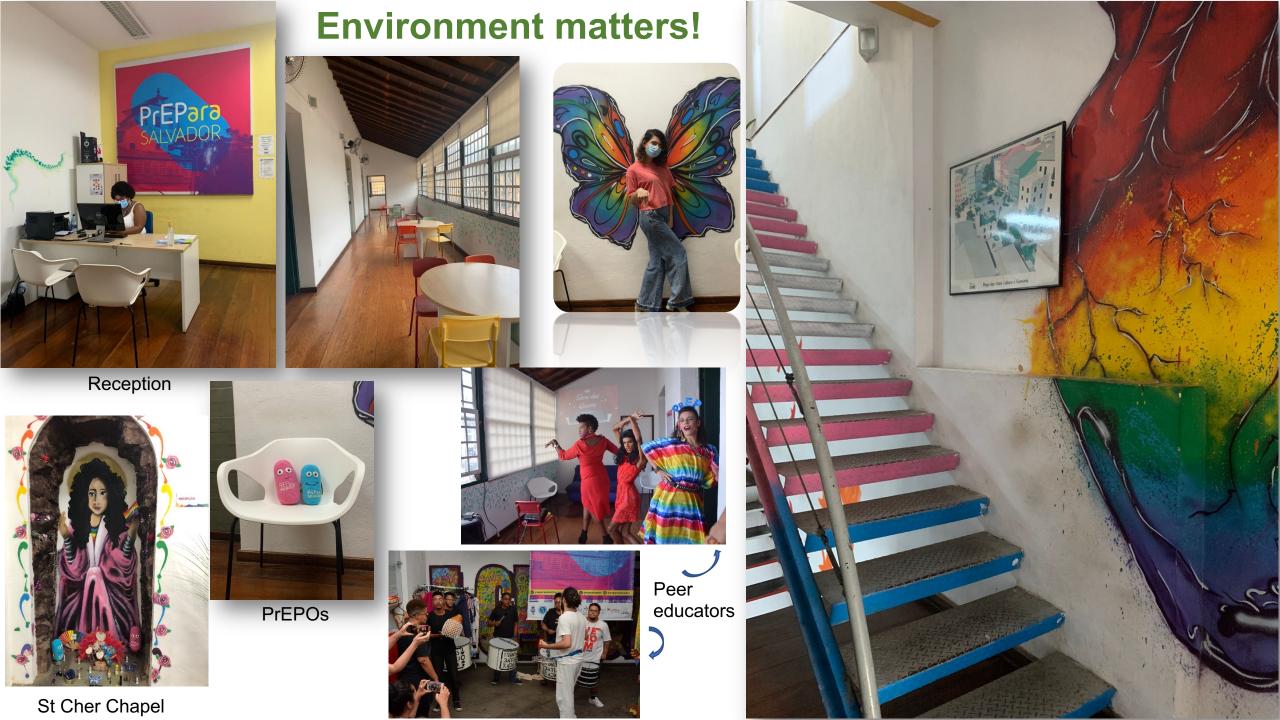
Reaching Out to Adolescents at High Risk of HIV Infection in Brazil: Demand Creation Strategies for PrEP and Other HIV Combination Prevention Methods

Laio Magno , Fabiane Soares, Eliana Miura Zucchi, Marcos Eustórgio, Alexandre Grangeiro, Dulce Ferraz, Dirceu Greco, Maria Mercedes Escuder, Ines Dourado & The PrEP1519 Study Group

Archives of Sexual Behavior 52, 703–719 (2023) Cite this article

1853 Accesses | 2 Citations | 1 Altmetric | Metrics

- Online strategies were less effective than face-to-face peer recruitment and reached more adolescents from higher socioeconomic backgrounds.
- Online interventions can be more costeffective and easily scaled up to increase service coverage.
- Online and peer-driven face-to-face strategies provided a critical balance between offering comprehensive coverage and equitable sexual health services for adolescents of key populations from different socioeconomic backgrounds.
- We enrolled **1,216 adolescents** in daily oral PrEP in three years of follow-up (Phase 1).



## **Making connections**

Interactive approach using prevention games, Q&A with health team and youth LGBTQIA+ peer educators

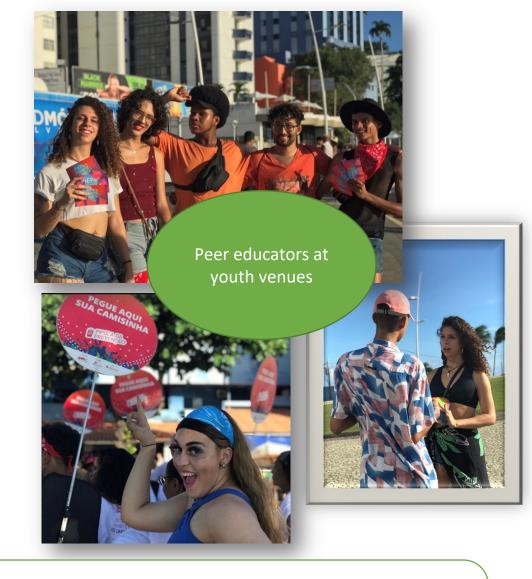






### Youth engagement in action Peer educators in venues



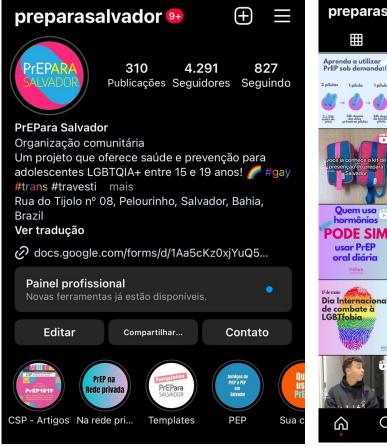


**Summer:** beach, parties, prevention popsicle, distribution of prevention items, HIV self-test, mobilization of young LGBTQIA+

### **Communication and information** Flyers, Fans, Posters, Cards, Brochures



### Online connections Active role of peer educators on social media for recruitment

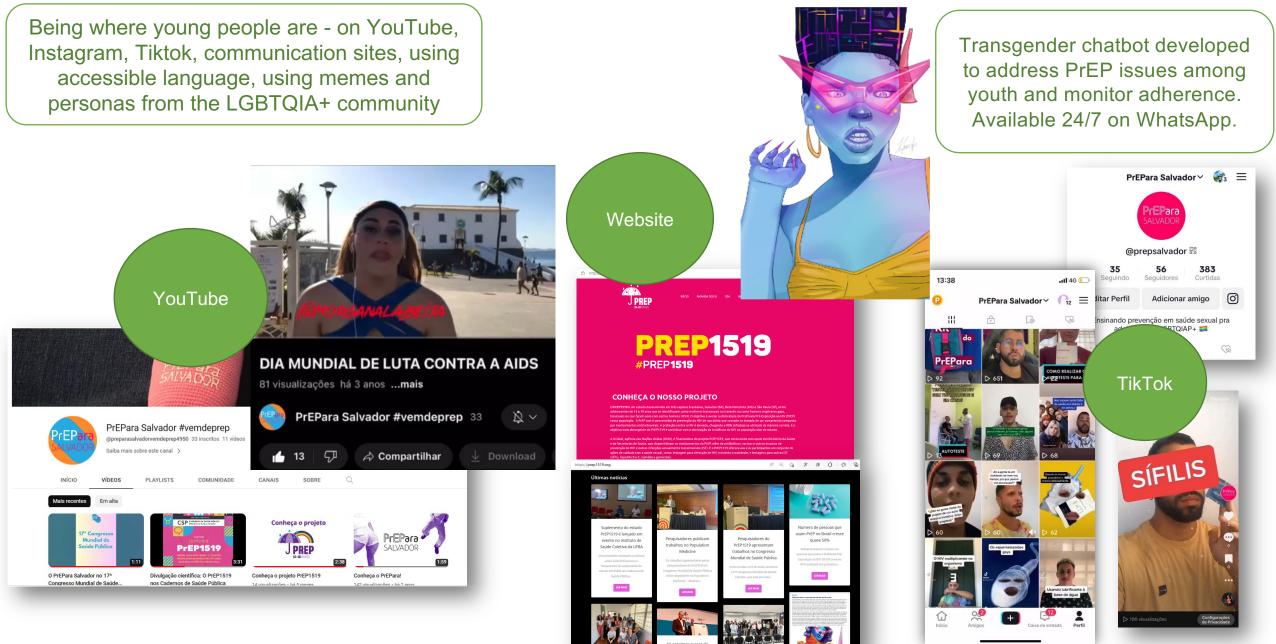




Instagram

Sífilis tratada corretamente: Greater capture via Penicilina boosted posts on Sífilia Instagram \*Derrotada\* 11 4G 💽 Unitaid 🦛 🕹 🧸

0 de 8 respondidas



### Fun pouch and prevention kit

Strategy to organize online recruitment – offering a pouch with a prevention kit to create demand and inform about HIV prevention and PrEP; Recruitment form to those interested in the prevention kit -invitation to participate.

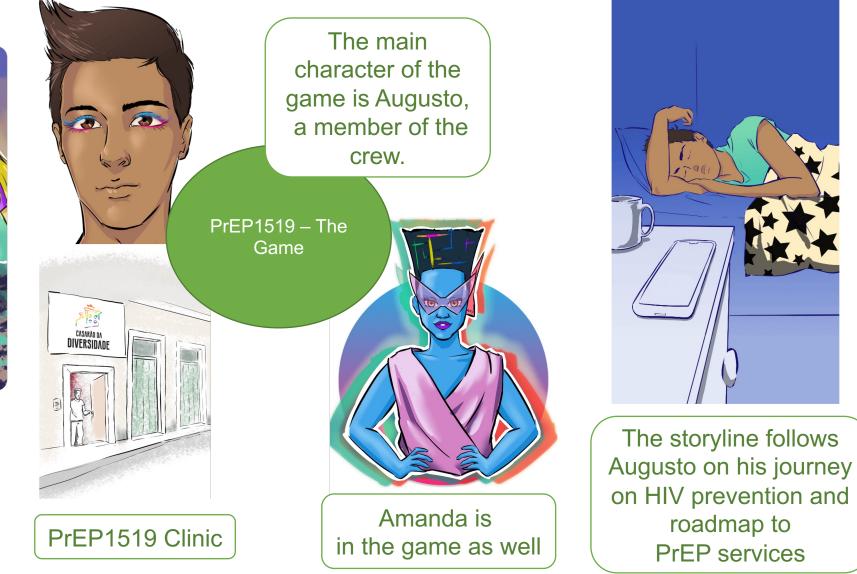


### **Online recruitment** Using a customized game

**Game PrEP** was launched to enter the game world of young people, providing guidance on combination prevention and PrEP



### Amanda Selfie's crew



## **Telehealth** - *TelePrEP*

Telehealth follow-up eligibility criteria for inclusion of participants using oral PREP: 1. Have attended at least two face-to-face consultations (M0 and M1) 2. Be interested in the daily oral

modality

Built on previous experience in the PrEP1519 phase-1 during C19 quarantine

### Der Link

Home > AIDS and Behavior > Article

### Notes From The Field | Published: 21 May 2020

Adapting to the COVID-19 Pandemic: Continuing HIV Prevention Services for Adolescents Through Telemonitoring, Brazil

Inês Dourado ⊠, Laio Magno, Fabiane Soares, Paula Massa, Amy Nunn, Shona Dalal, Alexandro Grangeiro on behalf of <u>The Brazilian PrEP1519 Study Group</u>

AIDS and Behavior 24, 1994–1999 (2020) | Cite this article

4148 Accesses | 41 Citations | 3 Altmetric | Metrics

Telehealth care and services aim to improve users' access and linkage with the service, eliminating possible barriers related to face-to-face care, facilitating clinical management, and promoting quick and timely access to care.

> Self-test for HIV at home;
> Tests for syphilis, HBV & HCV at the project laboratory or other;
> PrEP sent by mail to their home

• Synchronous teleconsultation: real-time care conducted via video or phone call;

• Asynchronous teleconsultation: remote care conducted non-simultaneously, by filling out a questionnaire to be evaluated by the clinical team. If necessary, an appointment is scheduled with the participant in person or via video call

Oral PrEP: face-to-face visit yearly or whenever a demand for care is identified.

CAB-LA PrEP: followed in the PrEP clinics. If necessary and requested, care can be provided remotely for intercurrences.

### **Acknowledgments - teams**

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## **Obrigada!** Thank you!



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Funding: Thanks to the generous support of Unitaid





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MINISTÉRIO DA SAÚDE PrEP 15-19 choices

## OBRIGADO! THANK YOU!



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## Questions?

## **Upcoming sessions**

The MOSAIC Global PrEP Learning Network takes place **quarterly.** 

The next session is planned for **September 2023.** 



## Visit PrEPWatch

All webinars are **recorded** and will be accessible on PrEPWatch within a week.

Complementary resources including relevant articles and tools plus **registration for upcoming webinars** can also be found on PrEPWatch.

Visit <u>https://www.prepwatch.org/global-prep-learning-network/</u> for more.

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