


Course: Providing Oral PrEP or the PrEP ring to Pregnant and Breastfeeding People – Training Pre- and Post- Test

Instructions: This assessment includes eight questions and should take around 10 minutes. Choose one answer per question, unless the question specifies to 'select all that apply.'

1. Why is it important to offer oral PrEP and the PrEP ring to pregnant and breastfeeding people?
 - a. People are at increased risk of HIV acquisition during pregnancy and breastfeeding.
 - b. Oral PrEP and the PrEP ring are more effective in pregnant clients than they are in clients who are not pregnant.
 - c. People are more likely to agree to take oral PrEP or the PrEP ring during pregnancy than they are at other times.
2. Which common medications prescribed during pregnancy can have unwanted interactions with oral PrEP or the PrEP ring?
 - a. Oral PrEP and the PrEP ring may interact with antenatal medications such as iron and folic acid tablets.
 - b. Oral PrEP and the PrEP ring may interact with malaria treatments, including sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine.
 - c. The medications used in oral PrEP and the PrEP ring have no known drug interactions with the most commonly prescribed pregnancy medications.
3. Which of the following are correct statements when counseling pregnant and breastfeeding people on the use of oral PrEP and the PrEP ring? Select all that apply.
 - a. Oral PrEP use during pregnancy has not been shown to cause babies to be too big or too small.
 - b. Oral PrEP may impact a person's ability to get pregnant in the future.
 - c. Oral PrEP has not been shown to affect a mother's milk production or the taste or quality of breast milk.
4. Which of the following are contraindications to starting oral PrEP? Select all that apply.
 - a. Creatinine clearance of less than 60 ml/min
 - b. HIV infection or signs/symptoms of acute HIV infection
 - c. Oral PrEP use prior to pregnancy
5. Which of the following are contraindications to starting PrEP ring? Select all that apply.
 - a. Breastfeeding
 - b. Suspected or confirmed intrauterine infection following a miscarriage
 - c. Active labor at any gestational age

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6. What are some ways PrEP providers could address pregnant client concerns regarding potential side effects they may be experiencing using oral PrEP or the PrEP ring? Select all that apply.
 - a. Counseling on common side effects experienced during pregnancy to rule out pregnancy-related side effects
 - b. History taking and targeted physical examination
 - c. Client-centered plan, including planning for follow-up and future evaluation to see if concerns have resolved
 - d. All of the above
 7. True or False: HIV testing services are not required while a pregnant or breastfeeding person is taking oral PrEP or the PrEP ring.
 - a. True
 - b. False
 8. What does the acronym LIVES stand for when defining first-line support goals for survivors of violence?
 - a. Listen with empathy, Inquire about needs and concerns, Validate the survivor's experience, Enhance safety, and Support the survivor
 - b. Listen with empathy, Involve the survivor in next steps, View previous records and history, Empathize with the survivor, and Support the survivor
 - c. Look up survivor records and history, Include the survivor and partner in decisions, Validate the survivor's story, Education the survivor about options, and Support the survivor